





EU Organic

European Union regulations on organic farming are designed to provide a clear structure for the production of organic goods across the whole of the EU. This is to satisfy consumer demand for trustworthy organic products whilst providing a fair marketplace for producers, distributors and marketers.

The EU sets out a number of rules and regulations governing the production, distribution and marketing of organic products in the EU. There are specific regulations related to particular products.

We offer EU organic certifications for the following sectors:

- Agricultural production
- Food processing
- Distribution / Trade
- Import
- Export

The basic principles for obtaining the EU organic label include:

- 1. No use of mineral nitrogen fertilizers
- 2. No use of synthetic pesticides
- No use of genetically modified organisms (GMOs)
- 4. Maintaining a closed nutrient cycle through land-based animal husbandry
- 5. Implementing diversified crop rotations
- Ensuring animal-friendly husbandry practices

The Organic Logo:

The organic logo gives a coherent visual identity to EU produced organic products sold in the EU. This makes it easier for EU based consumers to identify organic products and helps farmers to market them across all EU countries.

The organic logo can only be used on products that have been certified as organic by an authorised control agency or body. This means that they have fulfilled strict conditions on how they are produced, transported and stored.

Benefits of obtaining the EU organic label include:

- Showcasing your commitment to organic agriculture
- Building trust in the quality and safety of your products
- Demonstrating your sustainability goals to customers
- Meeting the requirements for agricultural land subsidies

GCL International Ltd

- (9) 1, St Mark Street, London, E1 8DA, United Kingdom